

# Safety and acceptability of medical abortion by telemedicine above nine gestational weeks among women in Poland: a population-based cohort study.

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## **Context**

- Legality, stigma and infrastructure barriers to safe abortion
- Emergence of telemedicine abortion services
- Gestational limits for home abortion are under revision
  - → Is abortion by telemedicine >9gw safe and acceptable?



# The status of abortion in Poland



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# Study design

- Setting
  - → Poland/Women on Web
- Cohort
  - → 1220 women in Poland requesting abortion through Women on Web
  - → June 1<sup>st</sup> December 31<sup>st</sup> 2016
- Comparison groups (exposure)
  - → Gestational age  $\leq$  and >9 gw
- Outcomes
  - → Safety
    - Heavy bleeding
    - Hospital visit for a complaint within 0-1 days
  - → Acceptability
    - Low or very low satisfaction
    - Bleeding more than expected
    - Pain more than expected



## Baseline and outcome data

## Women on Web records

- → Consultations
  - Follow-up Evaluations
    - → Email communication



# **Safety**

## 1. Heavy bleeding

- " I was bleeding more than 2 maxi pads each hour for more than 2 hours"
- Bleeding reported as reason for hospital visit in email

## 2. Hospital visit for a complaint within 0-1 days

- Reported hospital/clinic visit on the same day as the abortion or the day after
   and
- Report that the cause of the visit was "because I had complaints and was worried I might have a complication"

and/or

Heavy bleeding

and/or

 Strong pain ("I had pain that continued several days after the abortion and did not go away")

## **Study inclusion**

All women requesting abortion through the telemedicine clinic

Women in Web and sent abortion medication June

1st to December 31st 2016



#### Intake unconfirmed

Lost to follow-up (n= 427)

### **Took medication**

No follow-up main

outcomes

(n=12)

(n=627)

# medication: Not pregnant (n=5)

Abortion with other

Did not take

method (n=22)

Chose to continue pregnancy

(n=27)

Miscarriage (n=37)

Took only Mifepristone (n=1)

Ectopic pregnancy (n=2)

Did not pick up package (n=10)

Could not pick up package (n=7)

Package not delivered (n=55)

## Main analysis

(n=615)

Follow-up through evaluation forms (n=419)

Follow-up through email communication (n=196)



## **Results**

Table 1

Background variables among 615 women in Poland having requested medical abortion through telemedicine at  $\leq$  and > 9 gestational weeks respectively between 1st Jun and 31st Dec 2016.

	Gestational age at abortion				
	≤9gw (n=427)	>9gw (n=188)	p-value <sup>a</sup> /OR 95%		
Age in years at consultation, median (range)	28 (16-56)	26 (16-45)	p=0.13		
Gestational days at consultation, median (range)	37 (13-53)	49 (23-79)	p<0.001		
Gestational days at intake of abortion medication, median (range)	53 (27-63)	70 (64-100)	p<0.001		
≤7 weeks (n, % of total)	158 (25.7%)				
7w1d-9w0d (n, % of total)	269 (43.7%)	· ·			
Pw1d-11w0d(n, % of total)		148 (24.1%)			
11w1d-14w2d(n, % of total)		40 (6.5%)			
Did not make donation for service, n (%)	2.1%	4.8%	2.34 (0.91-5.98		
Difficulty paying donation <sup>b</sup>					
No	165 (54.8%)	56 (47.5%)	ref		
Yes	133 (44.2%)	60 (50.8%)	1.33 (0.87-2.04		
Missing	3 (1.0%)	2 (1.7%)			

## **Results**

Table 2



Rates and risks of outcomes affecting patient safety and acceptability after medical abortion at  $\leq$  and > 9 gestational weeks respectively among women in Poland having requested abortion through telemedicine between 1st Jun to 31st Dec 2016.

	Gestationa	l age at abortion		
	≤9gw (n=427)	>9gw (n=188)	_	
Safety outcomes <sup>a</sup>	n (%)	n (%)	Unadjusted OR, 95%CI	Adjusted <sup>d</sup> OR,
Heavy bleeding <sup>b</sup>				
No	382 (89.5%)	164 (88.8%)	Ref	Ref
Yes	29 (6.8%)	19 (10.1%)	1.55 (0.88-2.99)	1.65 (0.90-3.04)
Missing	2 (0.5%)	2 (1.1%)		
Hospital visit for complaints within 0-1 days <sup>c</sup>				
No	391 (91.6%)	161 (85.6%)	Ref	Ref
Yes	14 (3.3%)	22 (12.2%)	3.82 (1.91-7.65)	3.82 (1.90-7.69)
Missing	22 (5.2%)	5 (2.7%)		
Acceptability utcomes <sup>e</sup>	≤9gw (n=295)	>9gw (n=124)		
Pain > expected <sup>f</sup>	107 (36.3%)	49 (39.5%)	1.15 (0.75-1.77)	1.11 (0.71-1.71)
Bleeding > expected <sup>g</sup>	69 (23.4%)	35 (28.2%)	1.29 (0.80-2.07)	1.26 (0.78-2.02)
<b>Dissatisfaction</b> <sup>h</sup>	7 (2.4%)	2 (1.6%)	0.67 (0.14-3.29)	0.69 (0.14-3.36)
Secondary Outcomese	≤9gw (n=295)	>9gw (n=124)		
Surgical intervention <sup>i</sup>	37 (12.5%)	28 (22.6%)	2.03 (1.18-3.50)	2.04 (1.18-3.32)
Any treatment <sup>j</sup>	54 (18.3%)	36 (29.0%)	1.83 (1.12-2.97)	1.84 (1.13-3.00)



## Results

Table 3

Sub-analysis of the rate and risk of a hospital visit for complaints within 0-1 days of the abortion stratified by gestational age among 615 women in Poland having requested abortion through telemedicine between 1st Jun and 31st Dec 2016.

	Hospital visit for complaints within 0-1 days <sup>a</sup>						
Gestational age	no, n(%)	yes, n(%)	missing, n(%)	OR <sup>c</sup> , 95% CI	AOR <sup>b</sup> , 95% CI		
≤9w, n(%)	391 (91.6%)	14 (3.3%)	22 (5.2%)	ref	ref		
9w1d-10w6d, n(%)	132 (89.2%)	13 (8.8%)	3 (2.0%)	2.75 (1.26-6.00)	2.76 (1.26-6.02)		
11w0d-14w2d, n(%)	29 (72.5%)	9 (22.50%)	2 (5.0%)	8.67 (3.46-21.72)	9.20 (3.58-23.60)		



# Interpretation

Medical abortion through telemedicine at >9gw compared to  $\le 9$ gw is associated with:

- A higher rate of hospital visits for complaints in the immediate days following the abortion. This rate increases with gestational age.
- An increased risk of post-abortion treatment and intervention
- Not with a higher risk rate of heavy bleeding or other complaints that might indicate a complication to the abortion.
- Not with a lower rate of satisfaction or met expectations.



## **Conclusion**

Abortion through telemedicine seems to be safe and acceptable to women above nine gestational weeks but may necessitate adjustments to online information and support.